

THE MAXIMAL OPERATOR ON GENERALIZED ORLICZ SPACES — CORRIGENDUM

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ABSTRACT. In this note some flaws in the proofs of the paper [P. Hästö: The maximal operator on generalized Orlicz spaces, *J. Funct. Anal.* **269** (2015), 4038–4048] are corrected.

A flaw in the proof of the main result in [2] was pointed out by *Tetsu Shimomura* (private communication). It is amended in this note. The results are indicated with the same numbers as the ones they replace.

Let $\varphi \in \Phi(\mathbb{R}^n)$ be a Φ -function. For $B \subset \mathbb{R}^n$ define $\varphi_B^-(t) := \inf_{x \in B} \varphi(x, t)$ and $\varphi_B^+(t) := \sup_{x \in B} \varphi(x, t)$. We will use the following assumptions for some common constant $\sigma > 0$. Note that (A2) is strengthened from [2] by replacing weak- L^1 with L^1 . In (A0), the previous β has been denoted by $\beta\sigma$ for consistency with (A1) and (A2).

(A0) There exists $\beta \in (0, 1)$ such that $\varphi(x, \beta\sigma) \leq 1 \leq \varphi(x, \sigma)$ for every $x \in \mathbb{R}^n$.

(A1) There exists $\beta \in (0, 1)$ such that

$$\varphi_B^+(\beta t) \leq \varphi_B^-(t)$$

for every $t \in [\sigma, (\varphi_B^-)^{-1}(\frac{1}{|B|})]$.

(A2) There exists $\beta > 0$ and $h \in L^1(\mathbb{R}^n) \cap L^\infty(\mathbb{R}^n)$ such that, for every $t \in [0, \sigma]$,

$$\varphi(x, \beta t) \leq \varphi(y, t) + h(x) + h(y).$$

These conditions are invariant under equivalence of Φ -functions [2, Remark 4.1].

Remark A. Suppose that $\varphi_B^-(t) < b$. Let us show that $t \leq (\varphi_B^-)^{-1}(b)$. Since φ_B^- is defined as an infimum, there exists $x \in B$ such that $\varphi(x, t) < b$. Applying the increasing φ^{-1} to both sides, we obtain that $\varphi^{-1}(x, b) \geq \varphi^{-1}(x, \varphi(x, t))$. Denote $t_0 := \sup\{t \mid \varphi(x, t) = 0\}$. Now $\varphi^{-1}(x, \varphi(x, t)) = t$ if $t > t_0$ and zero otherwise [1, (2.2)]. In the latter case, $t \leq t_0 < \varphi^{-1}(x, b)$. Thus $t \leq \varphi^{-1}(x, b)$ in both cases, and since $\varphi^{-1}(x, b) \leq (\varphi_B^-)^{-1}(b)$, it follows that $t \leq (\varphi_B^-)^{-1}(b)$.

Lemma 4.3. *Let $\varphi \in \Phi(\mathbb{R}^n)$ with $t \mapsto t^{-\gamma}\varphi(x, t)$ increasing, $\gamma \geq 1$. Then the following Jensen-type inequality holds:*

$$\varphi_B^- \left(\frac{1}{2} \int_B f \, dx \right)^{\frac{1}{\gamma}} \leq \int_B \varphi_B^-(f)^{\frac{1}{\gamma}} \, dx.$$

Proof. Denote $\bar{\varphi} := (\varphi_B^-)^{\frac{1}{\gamma}}$ and let ψ be the greatest convex minorant of $\bar{\varphi}$. Since $t \mapsto \frac{\bar{\varphi}(t)}{t}$ is increasing, we find that $\bar{\varphi}(t) \geq \frac{t}{s}\bar{\varphi}(s)$ for $t > s$. Thus the function $t \mapsto (\frac{t}{s} - 1)\bar{\varphi}(s)$ is a convex minorant of $\bar{\varphi}$ on $[0, \infty)$ and since ψ is the greatest convex minorant we conclude

Date: December 3, 2015.

2010 Mathematics Subject Classification. 46E30; 42B25.

Key words and phrases. Hardy–Littlewood maximal operator, maximal function, Orlicz space, variable exponent Lebesgue space, generalized Orlicz space, Musielak–Orlicz space.

that $\psi(t) \geq (\frac{t}{s} - 1)\bar{\varphi}(s)$. With $t = 2s$, we obtain that $\bar{\varphi}(s) \leq \psi(2s)$. By Jensen's inequality for ψ ,

$$\varphi_B^- \left(\frac{1}{2} \int_B f dx \right)^{\frac{1}{\gamma}} \leq \psi \left(\int_B f dx \right) \leq \int_B \psi(f) dx \leq \int_B \varphi_B^-(f)^{\frac{1}{\gamma}} dx. \quad \square$$

Lemma 4.4. *Let $\varphi \in \Phi(\mathbb{R}^n)$ satisfy assumptions (A0)–(A2) with $t \mapsto t^{-\gamma}\varphi(x, t)$ increasing and $\gamma \geq 1$. There exists $\beta' > 0$ such that, for a ball B and $f \in L^{\varphi(\cdot)}(\mathbb{R}^n)$ with $\varrho_{\varphi(\cdot)}(f\chi_{\{|f|>\sigma\}}) < 1$,*

$$\varphi \left(x, \beta' \int_B |f| dy \right)^{\frac{1}{\gamma}} \lesssim \int_B \varphi(y, f)^{\frac{1}{\gamma}} dy + h(x)^{\frac{1}{\gamma}} + \int_B h(y)^{\frac{1}{\gamma}} dy.$$

Proof. Fix a ball B . Assume without loss of generality that $f \geq 0$ and that $\varphi^{\frac{1}{\gamma}}$ is convex [2, Lemma 3.2]. Denote $f_1 := f\chi_{\{f>\sigma\}}$, $f_2 := f - f_1$, and $A_i := \int_B f_i dy$. Since $\varphi^{\frac{1}{\gamma}}$ is convex and increasing,

$$\varphi \left(x, \frac{\beta}{4} \int_B f dy \right)^{\frac{1}{\gamma}} \leq \varphi \left(x, \frac{\beta}{2} A_1 \right)^{\frac{1}{\gamma}} + \varphi \left(x, \beta A_2 \right)^{\frac{1}{\gamma}}.$$

Consider first the part f_1 when $\frac{1}{|B|} > \varphi_B^-(\sigma)$. By Lemma 4.3 (with $\gamma = 1$),

$$\varphi_B^-\left(\frac{1}{2}A_1\right) \leq \int_B \varphi_B^-(f_1) dy \leq \int_B \varphi(y, f_1) dy < \frac{1}{|B|}.$$

If $t = \frac{1}{2}A_1 \geq \sigma$, then by Remark A we can use (A1) to infer that $\varphi(x, \frac{\beta}{2}A_1) \leq \varphi_B^-\left(\frac{1}{2}A_1\right)$. From this we continue with Lemma 4.3 to conclude that

$$\varphi \left(x, \frac{\beta}{2} A_1 \right)^{\frac{1}{\gamma}} \leq \varphi_B^-\left(\frac{1}{2}A_1\right)^{\frac{1}{\gamma}} \leq \int_B \varphi_B^-(f_1)^{\frac{1}{\gamma}} dy \leq \int_B \varphi(y, f_1)^{\frac{1}{\gamma}} dy.$$

Next consider $\frac{1}{2}A_1 < \sigma$. By convexity of $\varphi^{\frac{1}{\gamma}}$, (A0) and convexity again, we conclude that

$$(4.5) \quad \varphi \left(x, \frac{\beta}{2} A_1 \right)^{\frac{1}{\gamma}} \leq \varphi \left(x, \beta \sigma \right)^{\frac{1}{\gamma}} \cdot \frac{A_1}{2\sigma} \leq \frac{1}{2\sigma} \int_B f_1 dy \leq \frac{1}{2} \int_B \varphi(y, f_1)^{\frac{1}{\gamma}} dy,$$

where, in the last step, we used also that $f_1 > \sigma$ when it is non-zero.

Suppose then that $\frac{1}{|B|} \leq \varphi_B^-(\sigma)$. We show that $A_1 \leq \sigma$ and then finish with (4.5). Now

$$A_1 = \frac{1}{|B|} \int_B f_1(y) dy \leq \int_B \varphi_B^-(\sigma) f_1 dy \leq \int_B \varphi(y, \sigma) f_1 dy \leq \sigma \int_B \varphi(y, f_1) dy < \sigma.$$

For f_2 we use the convexity of $\varphi(x, \cdot)^{\frac{1}{\gamma}}$ and (A2):

$$\varphi \left(x, \beta A_2 \right)^{\frac{1}{\gamma}} \leq \int_B \varphi \left(x, \beta f_2 \right)^{\frac{1}{\gamma}} dy \lesssim \int_B \varphi(y, f_2)^{\frac{1}{\gamma}} dy + \int_B h(x)^{\frac{1}{\gamma}} + h(y)^{\frac{1}{\gamma}} dy.$$

Adding the estimates for f_1 and f_2 , we conclude the proof. \square

Taking the supremum over balls B in the previous lemma, and noticing that $h(x)^{\frac{1}{\gamma}} \leq M(h^{\frac{1}{\gamma}})(x)$, we obtain the following corollary:

Corollary 4.6. *Let $\varphi \in \Phi(\mathbb{R}^n)$ satisfy assumptions (A0)–(A2) and let $f \in L^{\varphi(\cdot)}(\mathbb{R}^n)$ with $\varrho_{\varphi(\cdot)}(f\chi_{\{|f|>\sigma\}}) < 1$. Then there exists $\beta' > 0$ such that*

$$\varphi \left(x, \beta' Mf \right)^{\frac{1}{\gamma}} \lesssim M \left(\varphi(\cdot, f)^{\frac{1}{\gamma}} \right) + M \left(h^{\frac{1}{\gamma}} \right).$$

Theorem 4.7. *Let $\varphi \in \Phi(\mathbb{R}^n)$ satisfy assumptions (A0)–(A2). Suppose that $\beta > 1$ is such that $s \mapsto s^{-\beta}\varphi(x, s)$ is increasing for every $x \in \mathbb{R}^n$. Then the maximal operator is bounded,*

$$M : L^{\varphi(\cdot)}(\mathbb{R}^n) \rightarrow L^{\varphi(\cdot)}(\mathbb{R}^n).$$

Proof. Let $f \in L^{\varphi(\cdot)}(\mathbb{R}^n)$ and choose $\epsilon > 0$ such that $\varrho_{\varphi(\cdot)}(\epsilon f) < 1$. By Corollary 4.6,

$$\varphi(x, \beta' \epsilon Mf)^{\frac{1}{\gamma}} \lesssim M(\varphi(\cdot, \epsilon f)^{\frac{1}{\gamma}}) + M(h^{\frac{1}{\gamma}}).$$

Raising both side to the power γ and integrating, we find that

$$\int_{\mathbb{R}^n} \varphi(x, \beta' \epsilon Mf(x)) dx \lesssim \int_{\mathbb{R}^n} M(\varphi^{\frac{1}{\gamma}}(\cdot, \epsilon f))(x)^{\gamma} dx + \int_{\mathbb{R}^n} M(h^{\frac{1}{\gamma}})(x)^{\gamma} dx.$$

Since M is bounded on $L^{\gamma}(\mathbb{R}^n)$, we obtain that

$$\int_{\mathbb{R}^n} \varphi(x, \beta' \epsilon Mf(x)) dx \lesssim \int_{\mathbb{R}^n} (\varphi^{\frac{1}{\gamma}}(x, \epsilon f))^{\gamma} dx + \int_{\mathbb{R}^n} h(x)^{\frac{1}{\gamma}\gamma} dx = \varrho_{\varphi(\cdot)}(\epsilon f) + \|h\|_1.$$

Hence $\varrho_{\varphi(\cdot)}(\beta' \epsilon Mf) \lesssim 1$, and the proof is completed by a scaling argument like [2, Corollary 3.3]. \square

REFERENCES

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